# REPORT OF THE AUDIT OF THE CHRISTIAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

www.auditor.ky.gov

209 ST. CLAIR STREET FRANKFORT, KY 40601-1817 TELEPHONE (502) 564-5841 FACSIMILE (502) 564-2912



## CRIT LUALLEN AUDITOR OF PUBLIC ACCOUNTS

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Steve Tribble, Christian County Judge/Executive
Members of the Christian County Fiscal Court

The enclosed report prepared by Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP, presents the financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Christian County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements.

We engaged Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP to perform the audit of these financial statements. We worked closely with the firm during our report review process; Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP evaluated Christian County's internal controls and compliance with applicable laws and regulations.

Respectfully submitted,

Crit Luallen

Auditor of Public Accounts

Enclosure



#### **EXECUTIVE SUMMARY**

### AUDIT EXAMINATION OF THE CHRISTIAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

June 30, 2009

Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP has completed the audit of the Christian County Fiscal Court for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009. We have issued unqualified opinions on the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information. In accordance with OMB Circular A-133, we have issued an unqualified opinion on the compliance requirements that are applicable to Christian County's major federal program: Community Development Block Grant (CFDA 14.228).

#### **Financial Condition:**

The fiscal court had total net assets of \$27,398,725 as of June 30, 2009. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$11,107,155 in its governmental activities as of June 30, 2009, with total net assets of \$27,181,192. In its business-type activities, total cash and cash equivalents were \$95,636 with total net assets of \$217,533. The fiscal court had total debt principal as of June 30, 2009 of \$22,566,553 with \$1,573,715 due within the next year.

#### **Report Comment:**

2009-1 The Fiscal Court Is Required To Pay For Purchases Within Thirty Working Days

#### **Deposits:**

As of June 30, 2009, the fiscal court's deposits were insured and collateralized by bank securities.

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CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE - LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM



To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
Jonathan Miller, Secretary
Finance and Administration Cabinet
Honorable Steve Tribble, Christian County Judge/Executive
Members of the Christian County Fiscal Court

#### **Independent Auditor's Report**

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Christian County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements, as listed in the table of contents. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Christian County Fiscal Court. Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, and the <u>Audit Guide for Fiscal Court Audits</u> issued by the Auditor of Public Accounts, Commonwealth of Kentucky. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinions.

As described in Note 1, Christian County, Kentucky, prepares its financial statements in accordance with the modified cash basis, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Christian County, Kentucky, as of June 30, 2009, and the respective changes in financial position and cash flows, where applicable, thereof for the year then ended in conformity with the modified cash basis of accounting.

The management's discussion and analysis and budgetary comparison information are not a required part of the basic financial statements but are supplementary information required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board. We have applied certain limited procedures, which consisted principally of inquiries of management regarding the methods of measurement and presentation of the required supplementary information. However, we did not audit the information and express no opinion on it.

To the People of Kentucky
Honorable Steven L. Beshear, Governor
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Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Christian County, Kentucky's basic financial statements. The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards is presented for purposes of additional analysis as required by U.S. Office of Management and Budget Circular A-133, *Audits of States, Local Governments and Non-Profit Organizations*, and is not a required part of the basic financial statements. The schedule of expenditures of federal awards has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

In accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, we have also issued our report dated December 20, 2010, on our consideration of Christian County, Kentucky's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and should be considered in assessing the results of our audit.

Based on the results of our audit, we present the schedule of findings and questioned costs, included herein, which discusses the following report comment:

2009-1 The Fiscal Court Is Required To Pay For Purchases Within Thirty Working Days

Respectfully submitted,

Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP

Mountay Childre Wedley, LLP

December 20, 2010

#### **CHRISTIAN COUNTY OFFICIALS**

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### **Fiscal Court Members:**

Steve Tribble County Judge/Executive

William H. Bruce Magistrate Mark E. Cansler Magistrate Thomas C. Jones Magistrate Terry R. Bowman Magistrate Jack N. Lackey Magistrate James E. Fleming Magistrate Cleatus Edwin Long Magistrate Howard R. Pettus Magistrate

#### **Other Elected Officials:**

J. Michael Foster County Attorney

Bradley Boyd Jailer

Michael A. Kem County Clerk

Gary Haddock Circuit Court Clerk

Lewis Leavell, Jr. Sheriff

Mills Foster Property Valuation Administrator

Dorris L. Lamb Coroner

#### **Appointed Personnel:**

Walter Cummings, Sr. County Treasurer

Ruth Mason Assistant County Treasurer

Nita K. Leavell Finance Officer



STEVE TRIBBLE COUNTY JUDGE EXECUTIVE

515 WEBER STREET
HOPKINSVILLE, KENTUCKY 42240

TELEPHONE 270-887-4100 FAX 270-885-7501

## Management's Discussion and Analysis June 30, 2009

The financial management of Christian County, Kentucky offers readers of Christian County's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of the financial activities of Christian County for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

#### **Financial Highlights**

- Christian County had total net assets of \$27,398,725 as of June 30, 2009. The fiscal court had unrestricted net assets of \$11,107,155 in the governmental activities as of June 30, 2009, with total net assets of \$27,181,192. In the enterprise fund, cash and cash equivalents were \$95,636 with total assets of \$217,533. Total debt for governmental activities principal as of June 30, 2009 was \$22,566,553 with \$1,573,715 due within one year.
- The governmental activities' total net assets increased by \$2,148,845 from the prior year. This increase is primarily due to unanticipated receipts and debt reduction that was greater than depreciation of the capital assets.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, Christian County governmental funds reported cash and cash equivalents of \$9,951,249. Of this amount, \$9,380,976 is available for spending at the government's discretion (unreserved fund balance).
- Christian County's total indebtedness at the close of fiscal year June 30, 2009 was \$22,566,553, of which \$20,992,838 was long-term debt (due after 1 year) and \$1,573,715 was short-term debt (to be paid within 1 year). Debt additions were \$119,630, and debt reductions were \$1,566,653, for a net decrease of \$1,447,023 for the year.

#### **Overview of the Financial Statements**

This management discussion and analysis is intended to serve as an introduction to Christian County's basic financial statements. Christian County's basic financial statements are comprised of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) notes to the financial statements. This report also contains other supplementary information in addition to the basic financial statements themselves.

GASB 34 requires management to include certain comparison schedules when they are available. The schedules include prior and current comparisons of general revenues by major source, and program expenses by function.

Government-wide Financial Statements. The *government-wide financial statements* are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of Christian County's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *Statement of Net Assets* presents information on Christian County's assets and liabilities, with the difference between the two reported as *net assets*. Over time, increases or decreases in net assets may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of Christian County is improving or deteriorating.

The *Statement of Activities* presents information showing how the government's net assets changed during the fiscal year. All changes in net assets are reported on a modified cash basis of accounting. Basis of accounting is a reference to when financial events are recorded, such as timing for recognizing revenues, expenses, and related assets and liabilities.

Under the county's modified cash basis of accounting, revenues and expenses and related assets and liabilities are recorded when they result from a cash transaction, except for the recording of depreciation expenses on capital assets in the government-wide financial statements for all activities and in the fund financial statements for the proprietary fund activities.

As a result of the use of the modified cash basis of accounting, certain assets and their related revenues (such as amounts billed for services provided, but not collected) and accounts payable (expenses for goods and services received but not paid) or compensated absences are not recorded.

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the County that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). Christian County's governmental activities include general government, protection to persons and property, general health and sanitation, roads, recreation and culture, social services, airports, debt service, and capital projects. Christian County has one business - type activity - Jail Canteen.

**Fund Financial Statements.** A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. Christian County, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with legal and statutory requirements. All of the funds of Christian County can be divided into broad categories: *governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds*.

**Governmental Funds.** Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements focus on current inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as, on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in evaluating a government's current financing requirements.

#### **Governmental Funds (Continued)**

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's current financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

Christian County maintains (8) eight individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances.

#### Major Funds:

- General Fund
- Road Fund
- Jail Fund
- Local Government Economic Assistance Fund
- Revolving Loan Fund
- E-911 Fee Fund
- Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund
- Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation

Christian County adopts an annual appropriated budget for its major governmental funds except for the Public Courthouse Corporation Fund and the Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund, which were not budgeted by the fiscal court. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for each of the budgeted funds to demonstrate compliance with their budgets.

**Proprietary Funds.** Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail. The proprietary fund financial statements provide separate information for the Jail Canteen Fund.

**Internal Service Funds.** Internal Service funds provide a service to the primary government. The Christian County Health Insurance Fund accounts for all the activity of the self-insurance plan.

**Notes to the Financial Statements.** The notes provide additional information that is essential to a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements.

#### Financial Analysis of the County As A Whole

Net Assets. Net assets may serve over time as a useful indicator of a government's financial position.

Table 1 Christian County's Net Assets

	Governmental Activities				Business-type Activities				Total			
		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008	2009	
Assets												
Current and												
other assets	\$	10,481,333	\$	11,107,155	\$	93,709	\$	95,636	\$	10,575,042	\$ 11,202,791	
Net Capital Assets		38,579,111		38,640,590		148,823		121,897		38,727,934	38,762,487	
Total Assets	\$	49,060,444	\$	49,747,745	\$	242,532	\$	217,533	\$	49,302,976	\$ 49,965,278	
Liabilities												
Current and												
other Liabilities	\$	1,546,653	\$	1,573,715	\$		\$		\$	1,546,653	\$ 1,573,715	
Long-term												
Liabilities		22,466,923		20,992,838						22,466,923	20,992,838	
Total Liabilities	\$	24,013,576	_\$	22,566,553	\$		\$		\$	24,013,576	\$ 22,566,553	
Net Assets												
Invested in												
Capital Assets,												
Net of Related	_				_							
Debt	\$	14,565,535	\$	16,074,037	\$	148,823	\$	121,897	\$	14,714,358	\$ 16,195,934	
Unrestricted		10,481,333		11,107,155		93,709		95,636		10,575,042	11,202,791	
Restatement		(14,521)				7,129				(7,392)		
Total Net Assets	\$	25,032,347	\$	27,181,192	\$	249,661	\$	217,533	\$	25,282,008	\$ 27,398,725	

#### **Changes in Net Assets.**

*Governmental Activities*. Christian County's net assets increased by \$2,148,845 in fiscal year 2009. Key elements of this are as follows:

- Current assets increased \$625,822, due to unexpected miscellaneous revenues.
- Investment in capital assets and infrastructure, net of related debt increased \$1,508,502.
- Current and long-term liabilities decreased by \$1,447,023.
- General revenues were \$8,567,775 and total revenues were \$17,755,646 as reflected in the Statement of Activities
- Expenditures totaled \$15,606,801 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.

*Business-type Activities*. Christian County's net assets decreased by \$24,999 in fiscal year 2009. Key elements are as follows:

- Current assets and cash increased by \$1,927.
- Investment in capital assets decreased \$26,926.
- Total revenue decreased \$124,331, totaling \$503,440 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.
- Expenditures decreased \$62,539, totaling \$535,568 as reflected in the Statement of Activities.

#### Financial Analysis of the County As A Whole (Continued)

Table 2 Christian County's Comparison of General Revenue by Source and Program Expenses by Function

	Government	tal Activities	Business-ty	pe Activities	Total			
	2008	2009	2008	2009	2008	2009		
<b>Program Revenues</b>								
Charges for								
Services	\$ 6,781,168	\$ 5,542,566	\$ 625,838	\$ 502,804	\$ 7,407,006	\$ 6,045,370		
Operating Grants								
and Contributions	3,780,472	1,849,856			3,780,472	1,849,856		
Capital Grants and								
Contributions	2,230,433	1,795,449			2,230,433	1,795,449		
<b>General Revenues</b>								
Taxes	4,573,741	4,653,714			4,573,741	4,653,714		
Miscelleneous								
and Other	1,992,626	3,914,061	1,933	636	1,994,559	3,914,697		
Total Revenue	19,358,440	17,755,646	627,771	503,440	19,986,211	18,259,086		
Expenses					_	_		
General								
Government	5,416,669	5,868,929			5,416,669	5,868,929		
Protection to	-, -,	- , ,-			-, -,	- , ,-		
Persons and								
Property	5,022,097	5,400,317			5,022,097	5,400,317		
General Health	, ,	, ,			, ,	, ,		
and Sanitation	319,301	317,400			319,301	317,400		
Social Services	83,721	81,565			83,721	81,565		
Recreation and								
Culture	137,549	21,444			137,549	21,444		
Roads	1,946,924	1,890,362			1,946,924	1,890,362		
Airports	28,830	31,601			28,830	31,601		
Debt Service	889,210	896,080			889,210	896,080		
Capital Projects	1,997,027	1,099,103			1,997,027	1,099,103		
Jail Canteen			598,107	535,568	598,107	535,568		
Total Expenses	15,841,328	15,606,801	598,107	535,568	16,439,435	16,142,369		
Change In Net								
Assets	3,517,112	2,148,845	29,664	(32,128)	3,546,776	2,116,717		
Not Agget-		, , -	,	` ', -/	. ,			
Net Assets -	21 520 757	25 022 247	212.979	240.661	21.742.624	25 202 000		
Beginning	21,529,756	25,032,347	212,868	249,661	21,742,624	25,282,008		
Restatement Net Assets - Ending	(14,521) \$ 25,032,347	\$ 27 191 102	7,129 \$ 249,661	\$ 217,533	(7,392) \$ 25,282,008	\$ 27.209.725		
rici Asseis - Eliulilg	φ 43,034,347	\$ 27,181,192	φ <u>249,001</u>	φ <i>217,333</i>	φ 23,282,008	\$ 27,398,725		

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued)

Governmental Funds Overview. As of the end of June 2009 fiscal year, the combined ending fund balances of County governmental funds were \$9,951,249. Approximately 94% (\$9,380,976) of this consists of unreserved fund balance, which is available as working capital and for current spending in accordance with the purposes of the specific funds. The remainder of fund balance (\$570,273) is reserved to indicate that it is not available for new spending because it is committed for the various encumbrances.

As noted earlier, the County has (8) eight major governmental funds.

- 1. The General Fund is the chief operating fund of Christian County. At the end of June 30, 2009 fiscal year, unreserved fund balance of the General Fund was \$7,544,014. The County received \$4,761,570 in real and personal property, motor vehicle, and other taxes for approximately 55% of the county's general revenues. Various other service fees and miscellaneous revenues contribute to the remaining 45% of revenues. There was a significant budget variance in General Fund revenues.
- 2. The Road Fund is the fund related to County road and bridge construction and maintenance. The Road Fund had a fund balance of \$7,288 at June 30, 2009. The fiscal year 2009 expenditures for the Road Fund were \$2,184,615.
- 3. The Jail Fund is used to account for the operation of the County's detention program. The Jail Fund had a fund balance at June 30, 2009 of \$200,185. The Jail Fund received \$4,536,958 for intergovernmental fees, primarily for housing prisoners.
- 4. The Local Government Economic Assistance Fund had a fund balance of \$3,152 as of June 30, 2009. These funds are held for economic development.
- 5. The Revolving Loan Fund had a fund balance of \$390,032 as of June 30, 2009. These funds are used to make loans to local businesses.
- 6. The E-911 Fee Fund had a fund balance of \$1,241,194 as of June 30, 2009. These funds are used for 911 services.
- 7. The Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund had a fund balance \$488,123 as of June 30, 2009. These funds are held for loans to local businesses.
- 8. The Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation Fund had a fund balance of \$7,305 as of June 30, 2009.

*Proprietary Funds Overview*. The County's proprietary fund statements provide the same type of information found in the government-wide statements, but in more detail.

Christian County has (1) one enterprise-type proprietary fund, which is:

• Jail Canteen Fund

#### Financial Analysis of the County's Funds (Continued)

The Jail Canteen Fund's unrestricted net assets at the end of June 30, 2009 fiscal year, amounted to \$95,636 and total assets were \$217,533.

Internal Service Fund Overview. Christian County maintains (1) one internal service fund, which is the:

#### Health Insurance Fund.

The Health Insurance Fund's unrestricted total assets at the end of June 30, 2009 were \$903,836.

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration**

Capital Assets. Christian County's investment in capital assets for its governmental and business-type activities as of June 30, 2009, amount to \$38,762,487 (net of accumulated depreciation). This investment in capital assets includes land, buildings, improvements to land other than buildings, machinery and equipment, vehicles, current infrastructure additions, and construction in progress for the energy conservation project.

Major capital asset events during the 2009 fiscal year included the road operations, the purchase of several vehicles, and energy conservation improvements.

Additional information about the County's capital assets can be found in Note 4 of this report.

Table 3
Christian County's Capital Assets, Net of Accumulated Depreciation

		Government	al A	Activities	<b>Business-type Activities</b>					Total			
		2008		2009		2008		2009		2008		2009	
Capital Assets													
Infrastructure	\$	5,838,795	\$	5,941,669	\$		\$		\$	5,838,795	\$	5,941,669	
Land		2,263,092		2,263,092						2,263,092		2,263,092	
Construction													
In Progress		2,786,579								2,786,579			
Buildings		25,915,756		28,610,676						25,915,756		28,610,676	
Furniture and													
Office Equipment	į	541,225		520,484						541,225		520,484	
Land													
Improvements		71,105		61,213						71,105		61,213	
Vehicles and													
Equipment		1,162,559		1,243,456		148,823		121,897		1,311,382		1,365,353	
Total Net													
Capital Assets	\$	38,579,111	\$	38,640,590	\$	148,823	\$	121,897	\$	38,727,934	\$	38,762,487	

#### **Capital Assets and Debt Administration (Continued)**

*Long-Term Debt.* At the end of the 2009 fiscal year, Christian County had total bonded debt outstanding of \$17,745,000 from General Obligation and Revenue Bonds. The County had financing agreements totaling \$4,821,553.

**Other Matters.** The following factors are expected to have a significant effect on the County's financial position or results of operations and were taken into account in developing the 2009 fiscal year budget:

- The 2009 fiscal year adopted budget continues most services at current levels.
- Program cuts at the State level, particularly relating to the cost of housing prisoners, will have a negative impact on funding for county programs.

#### **Requests For Information**

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of Christian County's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided herein or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to the Christian County Treasurer, 521 Weber Street, Hopkinsville, KY, 42240.



## CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

	Primary Government							
	Go	vernmental	Busi	ness-Type				
		Activities		ctivities		Totals		
ASSETS								
Current Assets:								
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	10,855,085	\$	95,636	\$	10,950,721		
Notes Receivable		33,774				33,774		
Total Current Assets		10,888,859		95,636		10,984,495		
Noncurrent Assets:								
Notes Receivable		218,296				218,296		
Capital Assets - Net of Accumulated								
Depreciation								
Land		2,263,092				2,263,092		
Land Improvements		61,213				61,213		
Buildings		28,610,676				28,610,676		
Furniture and Office Equipment		520,484				520,484		
Vehicles and Equipment		1,243,456		121,897		1,365,353		
Infrastructure Assets - Net								
of Depreciation		5,941,669				5,941,669		
Total Noncurrent Assets		38,858,886		121,897		38,980,783		
Total Assets		49,747,745		217,533		49,965,278		
LIABILITIES								
Current Liabilities:								
Bonds Payable		1,195,000				1,195,000		
Financing Obligations Payable		378,715				378,715		
Total Current Liabilities		1,573,715				1,573,715		
Noncurrent Liabilities:								
Bonds Payable		16,550,000				16,550,000		
Financing Obligations Payable		4,442,838				4,442,838		
Total Noncurrent Liabilities		20,992,838				20,992,838		
Total Liabilities		22,566,553				22,566,553		
NET ASSETS								
Invested in Capital Assets,								
Net of Related Debt		16,074,037		121,897		16,195,934		
Unrestricted		11,107,155		95,636		11,202,791		
Total Net Assets	\$	27,181,192	\$	217,533	\$	27,398,725		



### CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

### CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

				Prog	Program Revenues Received					
Functions/Programs Reporting Entity		Expenses		Charges for Services		Operating Grants and Contributions		Capital rants and ntributions		
Primary Government:										
Governmental Activities:										
General Government	\$	5,868,929	\$	258,821	\$	1,572,520	\$			
Protection to Persons and Property		5,400,317		5,283,745						
General Health and Sanitation		317,400								
Social Services		81,565								
Recreation and Culture		21,444								
Roads		1,890,362				277,336		1,795,449		
Airports		31,601								
Debt Service		896,080								
Capital Projects		1,099,103								
Total Governmental Activities		15,606,801		5,542,566		1,849,856		1,795,449		
Business-type Activities:										
Jail Canteen		535,568		502,804						
Total Business-type Activities		535,568		502,804						
Total Primary Government	\$	16,142,369	\$	6,045,370	\$	1,849,856	\$	1,795,449		

#### **General Revenues:**

Taxes:

Real Property Taxes
Personal Property Taxes
Motor Vehicle Taxes
Other Taxes
Sheriff/Clerk 25% Account
E-911 User Fees
Licenses and Permits
In Lieu of Tax
Rental Revenue

Miscellaneous Revenues Telephone Commissions Insurance Proceeds

Interest Received

Total General Revenues

Change in Net Assets

Net Assets - Beginning (Restated)

Net Assets - Ending

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Net (Expenses) Revenues and Changes in Net Assets

and Changes in Net Assets Primary Government									
Governmental Activities		Business-Typ Activities		Totals					
\$	(4,037,588) (116,572) (317,400) (81,565) (21,444) 182,423 (31,601) (896,080) (1,099,103) (6,418,930)	\$	\$	(4,037,588) (116,572) (317,400) (81,565) (21,444) 182,423 (31,601) (896,080) (1,099,103) (6,418,930)					
	(6,418,930)	(32,7 (32,7 (32,7	(64)	(32,764) (32,764) (6,451,694)					
	3,411,831 628,098 288,944 324,841 563,775 219,876 127,366 288,116 1,913,143 248,936 195,581 64,607 292,661		536	3,411,831 628,098 288,944 324,841 563,775 219,876 127,366 288,116 1,913,143 248,936 195,581 64,607 293,297					
	8,567,775		536	8,568,411					
	2,148,845 25,032,347	(32,1 249,6		2,116,717 25,282,008					
\$	27,181,192	\$ 217,5	533 \$	27,398,725					



## CHRISTIAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### June 30, 2009

	General Fund		Road Fund		Jail Fund		Local Government Economic Assistance Fund		Revolving Loan Fund	
ASSETS				_		_				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	7,613,970	\$	7,288	\$	200,185	\$	3,152	\$	390,032
Total Assets		7,613,970		7,288		200,185		3,152		390,032
FUND BALANCES										
Reserved for:										
Encumbrances		69,956		32,731		460,725				
Unreserved:										
General Fund		7,544,014								
Special Revenue Funds				(25,443)		(260,540)		3,152		390,032
Debt Service Funds										
Total Fund Balances	\$	7,613,970	\$	7,288	\$	200,185	\$	3,152	\$	390,032

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY BALANCE SHEET - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

E-911 Fee Fund		A R	ndustrial authority devolving oan Fund	Cor Cor	Public urthouse poration Fund	Total Governmental Funds		
\$	1,241,194	\$ 488,123		\$	7,305	\$	9,951,249	
	1,241,194		488,123		7,305		9,951,249	
	6,861						570,273	
	1,234,333		488,123		7,305_		7,544,014 1,829,657 7,305	
\$	1,241,194	\$	488,123	\$	7,305	\$	9,951,249	

#### Reconciliation of the Balance Sheet-Governmental Funds to the Statement of Net Assets

Total Fund Balances	
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement	\$ 9,951,249
Of Net Assets Are Different Because:	
Notes Receivable Is Not Considered A Current Resource and Therefore, Is Not	
Reported in the Funds.	252,070
Capital Assets Used in Governmental Activities Are Not Financial Resources	
And Therefore Are Not Reported in the Funds.	49,790,623
Accumulated Depreciation	(11,150,033)
Internal Service Fund Is Used By Management To Charge The Cost Of Health	
Insurance To Individual Funds. The Assets And Liabilities Are Included	
In Governmental Activities On The Statement of Net Assets	903,836
Long-term Debt Is Not Due And Payable In The Current Period And, Therefore, Is Not Reported	
In The Funds.	
Due Within One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligations	(1,573,715)
Due In More Than One Year - Bonds and Financing Obligations	 (20,992,838)
Net Assets Of Governmental Activities	\$ 27,181,192



## CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

		General Fund	Road Fund	Jail Fund	E	Local overnment conomic stance Fund
REVENUES				 		
Taxes	\$	4,761,570	\$	\$	\$	
In Lieu Tax Payments		288,116				
Excess Fees		447,539				
Licenses and Permits		127,366				
Intergovernmental		2,195,306	1,790,110	4,536,958		282,675
Charges for Services		258,821		331,210		
Miscellaneous		251,806	10,865	254,274		
Interest		261,659	 3,976	 1,592		285
Total Revenues		8,592,183	1,804,951	5,124,034		282,960
EXPENDITURES						
General Government		2,125,612				22,067
Protection to Persons and Property		469,306		4,535,147		,
General Health and Sanitation		311,265		, ,		
Social Services		59,490				
Recreation and Culture		146,842				
Roads		,	1,752,323			268,508
Airports		31,601	, ,			,
Debt Service		196,154		707,274		
Capital Projects		915,503	183,600			
Administration		2,043,402	248,692	989,688		
Total Expenditures		6,299,175	2,184,615	6,232,109		290,575
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over						
Expenditures Before Other						
Financing Sources (Uses)		2,293,008	 (379,664)	 (1,108,075)		(7,615)
Other Financing Sources (Uses)						
Financing Obligation Proceeds		119,630				
Transfers From Other Funds		115,050	375,000	742,415		
Transfers To Other Funds		(1,117,415)	272,000	(63,286)		
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(997,785)	 375,000	 679,129		
_ com come a maneing sources (Oses)	-	(>>1,103)	273,000	517,127		
Net Change in Fund Balances		1,295,223	(4,664)	(428,946)		(7,615)
Fund Balances - Beginning (Restated)		6,318,747	11,952	 629,131		10,767
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	7,613,970	\$ 7,288	\$ 200,185	\$	3,152

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

Revolving Loan Fund		E-911 Fee Fund	A R	ndustrial uthority evolving oan Fund	Co	Public ourthouse rporation Fund	Go	Total vernmental Funds
\$		\$ 208,641	\$		\$		\$	4,970,211
								288,116
								447,539
								127,366
		206,936				1,379,769		10,391,754
								590,031
		3,157		42,005				562,107
	5,221	 6,139		13,533		256		292,661
	5,221	 424,873		55,538		1,380,025		17,669,785
	25,000							2,172,679
		360,013						5,364,466
								311,265
								59,490
								146,842
								2,020,831
								31,601
						1,443,069		2,346,497
								1,099,103
		 		4				3,281,786
	25,000	 360,013		4		1,443,069		16,834,560
	(19,779)	 64,860		55,534		(63,044)		835,225
								119,630
						63,286		1,180,701
	_	 _						(1,180,701)
		 				63,286		119,630
	(19,779)	64,860		55,534		242		954,855
	409,811	1,176,334		432,589		7,063		8,996,394
\$	390,032	\$ 1,241,194	\$	488,123	\$	7,305	\$	9,951,249



# CHRISTIAN COUNTY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

#### CHRISTIAN COUNTY

# RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### Reconciliation to the Statement of Activities:

Net Change In Fund Balances - Total Governmental Funds	\$ 954,855
Amounts Reported For Governmental Activities In The Statement Of	
Activities Are Different Because:	
Governmental Funds Report Capital Outlays As Expenditures. However, In The	
Statement Of Activities The Cost Of Those Assets Is Allocated Over Their	
Estimated Useful Lives And Reported As Depreciation Expense.	
Book Value - Disposed Assets	(43,099)
Capital Outlay	1,853,601
Depreciation Expense	(1,749,023)
Payments received on notes receivable provide a current financial resource to	
governmental funds while reducing the receivable at the government-wide level;	
therefore, the activity has been eliminated on the statement of activities.	(42,005)
Internal Service Funds Are Used By Management To Charge	
The Cost Of Health Insurance To Individual Funds. The Net Revenues	
(Expenses) Of This Fund Are Reported With Governmental Activities.	(272,507)
The Issuance Of Long Term Debt Provides Current Financial Resources	
To Governmental Funds While Repayment Consumes The Current	
Financial Resources. These Transactions Have No Effect On Net Assets.	
Financing Obligation Proceeds	(119,630)
Financing Obligation Principal Payments	411,653
Bond Principal Payment	 1,155,000
Change in Net Assets of Governmental Activities	\$ 2,148,845



# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# June 30, 2009

Business-Type         Activities           Enterprise         Internal           Fund         Service Fund           Jail         Health           Canteen         Insurance           Fund         Fund           Assets         Summer Fund           Current Assets:         Summer Fund           Cash and Cash Equivalents         95,636         903,836           Total Current Assets         95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         278,911         4         4           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (157,014)         4         4           Total Noncurrent Assets         121,897         903,836         903,836           Net Assets         121,897         4         <				Gove	ernmental
Fund         Service Fund           Jail Canteen Fund         Health Insurance Fund           Assets         Surrent Assets:           Current Assets:         Surrent Assets:           Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Total Current Assets:         95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         278,911         400           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (157,014)         400           Total Noncurrent Assets         121,897         121,897           Total Assets         121,897         121,897           Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         121,897         121,897           Unrestricted         95,636         903,836		Bus	siness-Type	A	ctivities
Jail Canteen Fund         Health Insurance Fund           Assets         Section of Fund           Current Assets:         Section of Section of Fund           Current Assets:         Section of Section of Fund           Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Total Current Assets:         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         \$ 278,911         \$ 278,911         \$ 278,911           Less Accumulated Depreciation         \$ 121,897         \$ 903,836           Total Noncurrent Assets         \$ 217,533         \$ 903,836           Net Assets         \$ 121,897         \$ 121,897           Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         \$ 121,897         \$ 903,836           Unrestricted         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836		En	terprise	I	nternal
Canteen Fund         Insurance Fund           Assets         Fund           Current Assets:         Section of Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Total Current Assets         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         \$ 278,911         \$ 278,911           Less Accumulated Depreciation         \$ (157,014)         \$ 211,897           Total Noncurrent Assets         \$ 217,533         \$ 903,836           Net Assets         \$ 121,897         \$ 121,897           Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         \$ 121,897         \$ 903,836           Unrestricted         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836			Fund	Ser	vice Fund
Assets         Fund         Fund           Current Assets:         Section of Cash Equivalents         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Total Current Assets         95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         \$ 95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         \$ 278,911         \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$ \$			Jail		Health
Assets         Current Assets:       \$ 95,636 \$ 903,836         Total Current Assets       95,636 \$ 903,836         Noncurrent Assets:       278,911         Capital Assets:       (157,014)         Vehicles and Equipment Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533 903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636 903,836		(	Canteen	In	surance
Current Assets:       \$ 95,636       \$ 903,836         Total Current Assets       95,636       903,836         Noncurrent Assets:       278,911         Capital Assets:       (157,014)         Vehicles and Equipment       (157,014)         Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533       903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets,       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636       903,836			Fund	Fund	
Cash and Cash Equivalents         \$ 95,636         \$ 903,836           Total Current Assets         95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         278,911           Capital Assets:         (157,014)           Vehicles and Equipment         (157,014)           Less Accumulated Depreciation         (157,014)           Total Noncurrent Assets         121,897           Total Assets         217,533         903,836           Net Assets           Invested in Capital Assets,         121,897           Unrestricted         95,636         903,836	Assets				
Total Current Assets         95,636         903,836           Noncurrent Assets:         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,911         278,912         278,91	Current Assets:				
Noncurrent Assets:       Capital Assets:         Vehicles and Equipment       278,911         Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533       903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets,       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636       903,836	Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	95,636	\$	903,836
Capital Assets:       278,911         Vehicles and Equipment       (157,014)         Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533       903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets,         Net of Related Debt       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636       903,836	Total Current Assets		95,636		903,836
Vehicles and Equipment       278,911         Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533       903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets,       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636       903,836	Noncurrent Assets:				
Vehicles and Equipment       278,911         Less Accumulated Depreciation       (157,014)         Total Noncurrent Assets       121,897         Total Assets       217,533       903,836         Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets,       121,897         Unrestricted       95,636       903,836	Capital Assets:				
Total Noncurrent Assets         121,897           Total Assets         217,533         903,836           Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         121,897           Unrestricted         95,636         903,836	•		278,911		
Total Assets         217,533         903,836           Net Assets         Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt         121,897           Unrestricted         95,636         903,836	Less Accumulated Depreciation		(157,014)		
Net Assets Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 121,897 Unrestricted 95,636 903,836	Total Noncurrent Assets		121,897		
Invested in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt 121,897 Unrestricted 95,636 903,836	Total Assets		217,533		903,836
Net of Related Debt         121,897           Unrestricted         95,636         903,836	Net Assets				
Unrestricted 95,636 903,836	Invested in Capital Assets,				
	•		121,897		
Total Net Assets \$ 217,533 \$ 903,836	Unrestricted		95,636		903,836
	Total Net Assets	\$	217,533	\$	903,836



# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES, AND CHANGES IN FUND NET ASSETS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

Activites         Activities           Enterprise Fund         Internal Service Fund           Jail Canteen Fund         Health Insurance Fund           Operating Revenues         \$493,277         \$           Canteen Receipts         \$493,277         \$           Refunds/Reimbursements         9,527         1,212,793           Other Receipts         9,527         1           Total Operating Revenues         502,804         1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279         1,515,715           Depreciation         26,926         1,515,115           Educational and Recreational         87,269         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         1,515,115           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         32,009         302,322           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         29,815           Total Nonoperating Revenues         <		Business-Typ	e Governmental
Fund         Service Fund           Jail Canteen Fund         Health Insurance Fund           Operating Revenues         \$493,277         \$ 1,212,793           Canteen Receipts         \$9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Other Receipts         \$9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Other Receipts         \$9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Total Operating Revenues         \$502,804         \$ 1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         \$368,279         \$ 1,212,793           Depreciation         \$26,926         \$ 1,515,115           Educational and Recreational         \$87,269         \$ 1,515,115           Miscellaneous         \$25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Miscellaneous         \$25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Sales Tax         \$21,760         \$ 1,515,115           Operating Expenses         \$534,813         \$ 1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         \$(32,009)         \$ (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Interest Income         \$ 636         \$ 29,815           Inmate Refunds         \$ (755)         \$ 29,815           Total Nonoperating Revenues         \$ (119)         \$ 29,815		Activites -	Activities
Jail Canteen Fund         Health Insurance Fund           Operating Revenues         \$ 493,277         \$ 1,212,793           Canteen Receipts Refunds/Reimbursements Other Receipts         9,527         1,212,793           Other Receipts Other Receipts         9,527         1           Total Operating Revenues         502,804         1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279         1           Depreciation         26,926         1           Educational and Recreational         87,269         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         1           Inmate Pay         4,634         1,515,115           Sales Tax         21,760         1           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         1           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343		Enterprise	Internal
Canteen Fund         Insurance Fund           Operating Revenues         \$493,277         \$ 1,212,793           Canteen Receipts         \$9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Other Receipts         \$9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Total Operating Revenues         \$502,804         \$ 1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279         \$ 26,926           Educational and Recreational         87,269         \$ 1,515,115           Health Insurance Claims         \$ 25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Miscellaneous         \$ 25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Inmate Pay         \$ 4,634         \$ 3,2128           Sales Tax         \$ 21,760         \$ 3,2009         \$ 302,322           Nonoperating Expenses         \$ 534,813         \$ 1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         \$ (32,009)         \$ (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Interest Income         \$ 636         \$ 29,815           Inmate Refunds         \$ (755)         \$ 29,815           Change In Net Assets         \$ (32,128)         \$ (272,507)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         \$ (272,507)         \$ (272,507)		Fund	Service Fund
Fund         Fund           Operating Revenues         \$ 493,277         \$ 1,212,793           Canteen Receipts         9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Other Receipts         9,527         \$ 1,212,793           Total Operating Revenues         502,804         1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279         \$ 26,926           Educational and Recreational         87,269         \$ 1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         \$ 1,515,115           Inmate Pay         4,634         \$ 21,760           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (755)         \$ 29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         \$ 29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343		Jail	Health
Operating Revenues         Canteen Receipts       \$ 493,277       \$ 1,212,793         Refunds/Reimbursements       9,527       1,212,793         Other Receipts       9,527       1,212,793         Total Operating Revenues       502,804       1,212,793         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       368,279       1,212,793         Depreciation       26,926       1,212,793         Educational and Recreational       87,269       1,515,115         Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945       1,515,115         Inmate Pay       4,634       21,760       1,515,115         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       (536       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       750         Total Nonoperating Revenues       (Expenses)       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343		Canteen	Insurance
Canteen Receipts       \$ 493,277       \$ 1,212,793         Refunds/Reimbursements       9,527       1,212,793         Other Receipts       9,527       1,212,793         Total Operating Revenues       502,804       1,212,793         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       368,279       1,212,793         Depreciation       26,926       26,926       26,926       26,926       26,926       26,926       26,926       27,515 <th></th> <th>Fund</th> <th>Fund</th>		Fund	Fund
Refunds/Reimbursements       1,212,793         Other Receipts       9,527         Total Operating Revenues       502,804       1,212,793         Operating Expenses         Cost of Sales       368,279         Depreciation       26,926         Educational and Recreational       87,269         Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       (755)       (755)         Inmate Refunds       (755)       (755)         Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	<b>Operating Revenues</b>		
Other Receipts         9,527           Total Operating Revenues         502,804         1,212,793           Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279           Depreciation         26,926           Educational and Recreational         87,269           Health Insurance Claims         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945           Inmate Pay         4,634           Sales Tax         21,760           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         70tal Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Canteen Receipts	\$ 493,27	77 \$
Total Operating Revenues         502,804         1,212,793           Operating Expenses         368,279         1,212,793           Cost of Sales         368,279         26,926           Depreciation         26,926         26,926           Educational and Recreational         87,269         4,634           Health Insurance Claims         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945         1,515,115           Inmate Pay         4,634         4,634           Sales Tax         21,760         21,760           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (536,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Refunds/Reimbursements		1,212,793
Operating Expenses           Cost of Sales         368,279           Depreciation         26,926           Educational and Recreational         87,269           Health Insurance Claims         1,515,115           Miscellaneous         25,945           Inmate Pay         4,634           Sales Tax         21,760           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (755)           Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Other Receipts	9,52	27
Cost of Sales       368,279         Depreciation       26,926         Educational and Recreational       87,269         Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       Total Nonoperating Revenues         (Expenses)       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	<b>Total Operating Revenues</b>	502,80	1,212,793
Depreciation       26,926         Educational and Recreational       87,269         Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       Total Nonoperating Revenues         (Expenses)       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	Operating Expenses		
Educational and Recreational       87,269         Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       751         Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	Cost of Sales	368,27	79
Health Insurance Claims       1,515,115         Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       755         Total Nonoperating Revenues       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	Depreciation	26,92	26
Miscellaneous       25,945         Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       755         Total Nonoperating Revenues       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	Educational and Recreational	87,26	59
Inmate Pay       4,634         Sales Tax       21,760         Total Operating Expenses       534,813       1,515,115         Operating Income (Loss)       (32,009)       (302,322)         Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income       636       29,815         Inmate Refunds       (755)       755         Total Nonoperating Revenues       (119)       29,815         Change In Net Assets       (32,128)       (272,507)         Total Net Assets - Beginning       249,661       1,176,343	Health Insurance Claims		1,515,115
Sales Tax         21,760           Total Operating Expenses         534,813         1,515,115           Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         536         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         751           Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Miscellaneous	25,94	15
Total Operating Expenses   534,813   1,515,115     Operating Income (Loss)   (32,009)   (302,322)     Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)     Interest Income   636   29,815     Inmate Refunds   (755)     Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)   (119)   29,815     Change In Net Assets   (32,128)   (272,507)     Total Net Assets - Beginning   249,661   1,176,343	Inmate Pay	4,63	34
Operating Income (Loss)         (32,009)         (302,322)           Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)         Total Nonoperating Revenues           (Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Sales Tax	21,76	50
Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)           Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Total Operating Expenses	534,81	1,515,115
Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Operating Income (Loss)	(32,00	9) (302,322)
Interest Income         636         29,815           Inmate Refunds         (755)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)		
Inmate Refunds         (755)           Total Nonoperating Revenues         (119)         29,815           (Expenses)         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343		63	36 29.815
Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Inmate Refunds		,
(Expenses)         (119)         29,815           Change In Net Assets         (32,128)         (272,507)           Total Net Assets - Beginning         249,661         1,176,343	Total Nonoperating Revenues		
Total Net Assets - Beginning 249,661 1,176,343	•	(11	29,815
Total Net Assets - Beginning 249,661 1,176,343	Change In Net Assets	(32.12	28) (272.507)



# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# ${\bf CHRISTIAN\ COUNTY}$ ${\bf STATEMENT\ OF\ CASH\ FLOWS\ -\ PROPRIETARY\ FUNDS\ -\ MODIFIED\ CASH\ BASIS\ }$

	Business-Type	
	Activites -	Governmental
	<b>Enterprise Funds</b>	Activities
	Enterprise	Internal
	Fund	Service Fund -
	Jail	Health
	Canteen	Insurance
	Fund	Fund
Cash Flows From Operating Activities		
Receipts From Customers	\$ 493,277	\$ 1,212,793
Other Receipts	9,527	Φ 1,212,773
Cost of Sales	(368,279)	
Educational and Recreational	(87,269)	
Health Insurance Claims	(67,209)	(1,515,115)
	(4.624)	(1,313,113)
Inmate Pay	(4,634)	
Miscellaneous	(25,945)	
Sales Tax	(21,760)	·
Net Cash (Used) By		
Operating Activities	(5,083)	(302,322)
-F	(0,000)	(= = -,= = -)
Cash Flows From Noncapital		
Financing Activities		
Inmate Refunds on Accounts	(755)	
Net Cash (Used) By Noncapital		
Financing Activities	(755)	
-		
Cash Flows From Investing Activities		
Interest Earned	636	29,815
Net Cash Provided By		
Investing Activities	636	29,815
Net (Decrease) in Cash and Cash		
	(5.202)	(272.507)
Equivalents	(5,202)	(272,507)
Cash and Cash Equivalents - July 1, 2008	100,838	1,176,343
Cash and Cash Equivalents - June 30, 2009	\$ 95,636	\$ 903,836

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS - PROPRIETARY FUNDS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS For The Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

	Business-Type Activites - Enterprise Funds Enterprise Fund Jail Canteen Fund		Governmental Activities Internal Service Fund - Health Insurance Fund	
Reconciliation of Operating Income to Net Cash Provided (Used) by Operating Activities		Tunu		runu
Operating Income (Loss) Adjustments to Reconcile Operating Income To Net Cash Provided By Operating Activities -	\$	(32,009)	\$	(302,322)
Depreciation Expense		26,926		
Total Cash Provided (Used) By Operating Activities	\$	(5,083)	\$	(302,322)

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

June 30, 2009

# CHRISTIAN COUNTY STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY FUND NET ASSETS - MODIFIED CASH BASIS

# June 30, 2009

	Agency Funds			
	V	Dog /arden ccount	_	nmate ccount
Assets				
Current Assets:				
Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	13,475	\$	19,572
Total Assets		13,475		19,572
Liabilities				
Amounts Held In Custody For Others		13,475		19,572
Total Liabilities	\$	13,475	\$	19,572

# INDEX FOR NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

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# CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### A. Basis of Presentation

The county presents its government-wide and fund financial statements in accordance with a modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Under this basis of accounting, assets, liabilities, and related revenues and expenditures are recorded when they result from cash transactions, with a few exceptions. This modified cash basis recognizes revenues when received and expenditures when paid. Notes receivable are recognized on the Statement of Net Assets, but notes receivable are not included or recognized on Balance Sheet- Governmental Funds. Property tax receivables, accounts payable, compensated absences, and donated assets, among other items, are not reflected in the financial statements.

Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however, encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance (Reserved for Encumbrances).

The State Local Finance Officer does not require the county to report capital assets and infrastructure; however, the value of these assets is included in the Statement of Net Assets and the corresponding depreciation expense is included on the Statement of Activities.

### **B.** Reporting Entity

The financial statements of Christian County include the funds, agencies, boards, and entities for which the fiscal court is financially accountable. Financial accountability, as defined by Section 2100 of the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Codification of Governmental Accounting and Financial Reporting Standards, as amended by GASB 14 and GASB 39, was determined on the basis of the government's ability to significantly influence operations, select the governing authority, participate in fiscal management and the scope of public service. Consequently, the reporting entity includes organizations that are legally separate from the primary government. Legally separate organizations are reported as component units if either the county is financially accountable or their exclusion would cause the county's financial statements to be misleading or incomplete. Component units may be blended or discretely presented. Blended component units either provide their services exclusively or almost entirely to the primary government, or their governing bodies are substantively the same as the primary government. The county has no discretely presented component units.

#### **Blended Component Units**

Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation

The Christian County Fiscal Court appoints the Public Courthouse Corporation's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. In addition, the fiscal court is financially accountable and legally obligated for the debt of the Public Courthouse Corporation. Financial information for the Public Courthouse Corporation is blended within Christian County's financial statements. All activities of the Public Courthouse Corporation are accounted for within a major (debt service) fund.

#### **Christian County Industrial Authority**

The Christian County Fiscal Court appoints the Industrial Authority's governing board and has the ability to impose its will on the governing board. Financial information for the Industrial Authority is blended within Christian County's financial statements. All activities of the Industrial Authority are accounted for within a major (special revenue) fund.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### C. Christian County Elected Officials

Kentucky law provides for election of the officials below from the geographic area constituting Christian County. Pursuant to state statute, these officials perform various services for the Commonwealth of Kentucky, its judicial courts, the fiscal court, various cities, and special districts within the county, and the board of education. In exercising these responsibilities, however, they are required to comply with state laws. Audits of their financial statements are issued separately and individually and can be obtained from their respective administrative offices. These officials are not part of the Christian County reporting entity.

- Circuit Court Clerk
- County Attorney
- Property Valuation Administrator
- County Clerk
- County Sheriff

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements

The government-wide financial statements (i.e., the statement of net assets and the statement of activities) report information on all of the non-fiduciary activities of the primary government and its non-fiduciary component units. For the most part, the effect of interfund activities has been removed from these statements. Governmental activities, which normally are supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues, are reported separately from business-type activities, which rely to a significant extent on sales, fees, and charges for support. Business-type revenues come mostly from fees charged to external parties for goods or services. Fiduciary funds are not included in these financial statements due to the unavailability of fiduciary funds to aid in the support of government programs.

The statement of net assets presents the reporting entity's non-fiduciary assets and liabilities, the difference between the two being reported as net assets. Net assets are reported in three categories:

1) invested in capital assets, net of related debt - consisting of capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation and reduced by outstanding balances for debt related to the acquisition, construction, or improvement of those assets; 2) restricted net assets - resulting from constraints placed on net assets by creditors, grantors, contributors, and other external parties, including those constraints imposed by law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation; and 3) unrestricted net assets - those assets that do not meet the definition of restricted net assets or invested in capital assets.

The statement of activities demonstrates the degree to which the direct expenses of a given function are offset by program revenues. Direct expenses are those that are clearly identifiable with a specific function. Program revenues include: l) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function; 2) operating grants and contributions; and 3) capital grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational or capital requirements of a particular function. Internally dedicated resources such as taxes and unrestricted state funds are reported as general revenues.

Generally and except as otherwise provided by law, property taxes are assessed as of January 1, levied (mailed) November 1, due at discount November 30, due at face value December 31, delinquent January 1 following the assessment, and subject to lien and sale the 3rd Saturday in April following the delinquency date.

#### Note 1. Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

Funds are characterized as either major or non-major. Major funds are those whose assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least ten percent of the corresponding total (assets, liabilities, etc.) for all funds or type (governmental or proprietary) and whose total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses are at least five percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined. The fiscal court may also designate any fund as major.

Separate financial statements are provided for governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds. Major individual governmental funds and major enterprise funds are reported as separate columns in the financial statements.

### **Governmental Funds**

The primary government reports the following major governmental funds:

General Fund - This is the primary operating fund of the Fiscal Court. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except where the Department for Local Government requires a separate fund or where management requires that a separate fund be used for some function.

Road Fund - This fund is for road and bridge construction and repair. The primary source of revenue for this fund is state payments for truck license distribution, municipal road aid, and transportation grants. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Jail Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for the jail expenditures of the county. The primary sources of revenue for this fund are reimbursements from the state and federal government, and payments from other counties for housing prisoners and transfers from the General Fund. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Local Government Economic Assistance Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for coal and mineral tax revenues. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

Revolving Loan Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for Community Development Block Grant Revolving Loan proceeds. Loans are made from this fund to local businesses that meet the Department for Local Government criteria for small business loans. The Department for Local Government requires the Fiscal Court to maintain these receipts and expenditures separately from the General Fund.

E-911 Fee Fund - The primary purpose of this fund is to account for 911 tax revenues and emergency services expenditures.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

## **Governmental Funds** (Continued)

Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the activities of the Christian County Industrial Authority, a blended component unit of the county. Activity of this fund includes the repayment of small business loans made by the Revolving Loan Fund. On November 12, 2003, the Department for Local Government approved an ordinance allowing this activity.

Public Courthouse Corporation Fund - The purpose of this fund is to account for the activities of the Public Courthouse Corporation, a blended component unit of the county. The Public Courthouse Corporation issues debt to build major facilities or additions. The Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation entered into a lease/sublease agreement with the Commonwealth of Kentucky, Administrative Office of the Courts to use and sublease all or a portion of certain facilities owned or to be constructed by or on behalf of the County. This lease/sublease agreement expires every two years.

#### Special Revenue Funds:

The Road Fund, Jail Fund, Local Government Economic Assistance Fund, Revolving Loan Fund, E-911 Fee Fund, and the Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund are presented as special revenue funds. Special revenue funds are to account for the proceeds of specific revenue sources and expenditures that are legally restricted for specific purposes.

#### Debt Service Funds:

The Public Courthouse Corporation Fund is presented as a debt service fund. Debt service funds are to account for the accumulation of resources for, and the payment of general long-term debt principal and interest.

#### **Proprietary Funds**

Proprietary funds distinguish operating revenues and expenses from nonoperating items. Operating revenues and expenses generally result from providing services and producing and delivering goods in connection with proprietary funds' principal ongoing operations. All revenues and expenses not meeting this definition are reported as nonoperating revenues and expenses.

### **Enterprise Fund:**

The principal operating revenue of the county's enterprise fund is charges to customers for sales in the Jail Canteen Fund. Operating expenses for the enterprise funds include the cost of sales and services, administrative expenses, and depreciation on capital assets. The government has elected not to adopt Financial Accounting Standards Board (FASB) Statements or Interpretations issued after November 30, 1989, unless Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) specifically adopts such FASB Statements or Interpretations.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### D. Government-wide and Fund Financial Statements (Continued)

#### **Proprietary Funds** (Continued)

The primary government reports the following major proprietary fund:

Jail Canteen Fund - The canteen operations are authorized pursuant to KRS 441.135(1), which allows the jailer to sell snacks, sodas, and other items to inmates. The profits generated from the sale of those items are to be used for the benefit or recreation of the inmates. KRS 441.135(2) requires the jailer to maintain accounting records and report annually to the county treasurer the receipts and disbursements of the Jail Canteen Fund.

#### Internal Service Fund

The primary government reports the following internal service fund:

Health Insurance Fund - The Fiscal Court maintains this internal service fund to account for the health insurance provided for other funds, on a cost reimbursement basis.

#### **Fiduciary Funds**

Fiduciary funds report only those resources held in a trust or custodial capacity for individuals, private organizations, or other governments. The county reports two agency funds, the Dog Warden Fund, is used to account for dog fees held by the dog warden, for custodial purposes only and the Inmate Account is used to account for inmate fees held by the Jail until they are turned over to the Fiscal Court. Unlike other funds, the agency fund reports assets and liabilities only; therefore, it has no measurement focus.

# **E.** Deposits and Investments

The government's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, certificates of deposit, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

KRS 66.480 authorizes the county to invest in the following, including but not limited to, obligations of the United States and of its agencies and instrumentalities, obligations and contracts for future delivery or purchase of obligations backed by the full faith and credit of the United States, obligations of any corporation of the United States government, bonds or certificates of indebtedness of this state, and certificates of deposit issued by or other interest-bearing accounts of any bank or savings and loan institution which are insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) or which are collateralized, to the extent uninsured, by any obligation permitted by KRS 41.240(4).

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### F. Capital Assets

Capital assets, which include land, land improvements, buildings, furniture and office equipment, building improvements, machinery, equipment, and infrastructure assets (roads and bridges) that have a useful life of more than one reporting period based on the government's capitalization policy, are reported in the applicable governmental or business-type activities of the government-wide financial statements. Such assets are recorded at historical cost or estimated historical cost when purchased or constructed.

Cost of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend the asset's life are not capitalized. Land and Construction in Progress are not depreciated. Interest incurred during construction is not capitalized. Capital assets and infrastructure are depreciated using the straight-line method of depreciation over the estimated useful life of the asset.

	Cap	oitalization	Useful Life
	_ T	hreshold	(Years)
Land Improvements	\$	25,000	10-60
Buildings		50,000	10-75
Building Improvements		50,000	10-75
Machinery and Equipment		5,000	3-25
Vehicles		5,000	2-40
Infrastructure		25,000	10-50

### G. Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements and proprietary funds in the fund financial statements, long term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable financial statements. The principal amount of bonds, notes, and financing obligations are reported.

In the fund financial statements, governmental funds recognize bond interest, as well as bond issuance costs when received or when paid, during the current period. The principal amount of the debt and interest are reported as expenditures. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as expenditures. Debt proceeds are reported as other financing sources.

### H. Fund Equity

In the fund financial statements, the difference between the assets and liabilities of governmental funds is reported as fund balance. Fund balance is divided into reserved and unreserved components, with unreserved considered available for new spending. Unreserved fund balances may be divided into designated and undesignated portions. Designations represent fiscal court's intended use of the resources and should reflect actual plans approved by the fiscal court.

Governmental funds report reservations of fund balance for amounts that are legally restricted by outside parties for use for a specific purpose, long-term receivables, and encumbrances.

#### **Note 1.** Summary of Significant Accounting Policies (Continued)

#### **H. Fund Equity (Continued)**

"Reserved for Encumbrances" are purchase orders that will be fulfilled in a subsequent fiscal period. Although the purchase order or contract creates a legal commitment, the fiscal court incurs no liability until performance has occurred on the part of the party with whom the fiscal court has entered into the arrangement. When a government intends to honor outstanding commitments in subsequent periods, such amounts are encumbered. Encumbrances lapse at year-end and are not reflected on the Statement of Net Assets and Statement of Activities; however encumbrances are reflected on the Balance Sheet - Governmental Funds as part of the fund balance, if applicable.

# I. Budgetary Information

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer. The State Local Finance Officer does not require formal budget to be adopted for the Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund, Public Courthouse Corporation Fund, and the Jail Canteen Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.

#### J. Related Organizations and Jointly Governed Organizations

A related organization is an entity for which a primary government is not financially accountable. It does not impose will or have a financial benefit or burden relationship, even if the primary government appoints a voting majority of the related organization's governing board. Based on these criteria, the Christian County Water District is considered a related organization of Christian County Fiscal Court.

A regional government or other multi-governmental arrangement that is governed by representatives from each of the governments that created the organization, but that is not a joint venture because the participants do not retain an ongoing financial interest or responsibility is a jointly governed organization. Based on these criteria, the following are considered jointly governed organizations of the Christian County Fiscal Court: Hopkinsville-Christian County Airport; Hopkinsville-Christian County Ambulance Service; Hopkinsville-Christian County Communication Center; Hopkinsville-Christian County Convention and Visitors Center; Hopkinsville-Christian County Economic Development Council; Hopkinsville-Christian County Public Library; Hopkinsville-Christian County Recreation Commission; Hopkinsville-Christian County Senior Citizens; and Hopkinsville-Christian County Planning Commission.

#### K. Subsequent Events

The fiscal court evaluated events occurring between the end of the most recent fiscal year and December 20, 2010, the date financial statements were issued. See Note 12 for subsequent event.

#### Note 2. Deposits

The primary government maintained deposits of public funds with depository institutions insured by the Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) as required by KRS 66.480(1)(d). According to KRS 41.240(4), the depository institution should pledge or provide sufficient collateral which, together with FDIC insurance, equals or exceeds the amount of public funds on deposit at all times. In order to be valid against the FDIC in the event of failure or insolvency of the depository institution, this pledge or provision of collateral should be evidenced by an agreement between the County and the depository institution, signed by both parties, that is (a) in writing, (b) approved by the board of directors of the depository institution or its loan committee, which approval must be reflected in the minutes of the board or committee, and (c) an official record of the depository institution. These requirements were met.

#### Custodial Credit Risk - Deposits

Custodial credit risk is the risk that in the event of a depository institution failure, the county's deposits may not be returned. The county does not have a deposit policy for custodial credit risk but rather follows the requirements of KRS 41.240(4). As of June 30, 2009, all deposits were covered by FDIC insurance or a properly executed collateral security agreement.

#### Note 3. Notes Receivable

- A. The County loaned \$100,000 to Paris Packaging on July 21, 2003, for the purpose of financing the acquisition of certain assets. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 5-year repayment schedule at 3.0 percent interest. Records indicate that Paris Packaging is in substantial compliance with this agreement. As of June 30, 2009, principal balance due was paid in full.
- B. The County loaned \$300,000 to Commonwealth Agri Energy, LLC on April 20, 2004 for the purpose of constructing an Ethanol production facility. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 10-year repayment schedule at 3.0 percent interest. Records indicate that Commonwealth Agri Energy, LLC is in substantial compliance with this agreement. As of June 30, 2009, principal balance due was \$180,491.
- C. The County loaned \$100,000 to Maintainer Corporation of Kentucky on April 25, 2006 for the purpose of financing real estate. Terms of the agreement stipulate a 10-year repayment schedule at 4.0 percent interest. Records indicate that Maintainer Corporation is in substantial compliance with this agreement. As of June 30, 2009, principal balance due was \$71,579.

# **Note 3.** Notes Receivable (Continued)

These receivables are due to the Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund. Notes receivable, as of year-end for the government's individual major funds and all other funds, in the aggregate, including the delinquent principal payments are as follows:

	<i>F</i>	Amount
Short Term Long Term	\$	33,774 218,296
Total Receivables	\$	252,070

# Note 4. Capital Assets

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows:

	Reporting Entity						
	Beginning		Ending				
Primary Government:	Balance	Increases	Decreases	Balance			
Governmental Activities:							
Capital Assets Not Being Depreciated:							
Construction in Progress	\$ 2,786,579	\$	\$ (2,786,579)	\$			
Land	2,263,092	Ψ	Ψ (2,700,37)	2,263,092			
Total Capital Assets Not Being	2,203,072			2,203,072			
Depreciated	5,049,671		(2,786,579)	2,263,092			
Бергеемес	3,012,071		(2,700,37)	2,203,072			
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:							
Land Improvements	125,096			125,096			
Buildings	29,989,357	3,245,462		33,234,819			
Furniture and Office Equipment	1,137,682	15,218		1,152,900			
Vehicles and Equipment	2,730,457	303,896	(258,896)	2,775,457			
Infrastructure	9,163,655	1,075,604		10,239,259			
Total Capital Assets Being				_			
Depreciated	43,146,247	4,640,180	(258,896)	47,527,531			
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:							
Land Improvements	(53,991)	(9,892)		(63,883)			
Buildings	(4,073,601)	(550,542)		(4,624,143)			
Furniture and Office Equipment	(596,457)	(35,959)		(632,416)			
Vehicles and Equipment	(1,567,898)	(179,900)	215,797	(1,532,001)			
Infrastructure (Restated)	(3,324,860)	(972,730)		(4,297,590)			
				<u> </u>			
Total Accumulated Depreciation	(9,616,807)	(1,749,023)	215,797	(11,150,033)			
Total Capital Assets, Being							
Depreciated, Net (Restated)	33,529,440	2,891,157	(43,099)	36,377,498			
Governmental Activities Capital							
Assets, Net (Restated)	\$ 38,579,111	\$ 2,891,157	\$ (2,829,678)	\$ 38,640,590			

#### **Capital Assets (Continued)** Note 4.

Capital asset activity for the year ended June 30, 2009 was as follows: (Continued)

	Reporting Entity								
		Beginning					Ending		
<b>Primary Government: (Continued)</b>		Balance	Iı	ncreases	Decreases		Balance		
Business-Type Activities:									
Capital Assets, Being Depreciated:									
Vehicles and Equipment	\$	278,911	\$		\$	\$	278,911		
Total Capital Assets Being		_		_					
Depreciated		278,911					278,911		
Less Accumulated Depreciation For:									
Vehicles and Equipment		(130,088)		(26,926)			(157,014)		
Total Accumulated Depreciation		(130,088)		(26,926)			(157,014)		
Total Capital Assets, Being		_		_					
Depreciated, Net (Restated)		148,823		(26,926)			121,897		
Business-Type Activities Capital	Φ.	4.40.000	Φ.	(0.5.00.5)		Φ.	4.4.00=		
Assets, Net (Restated)	\$	148,823	\$	(26,926)	\$		121,897		
Depreciation expense was charged to funct	ions of	f the governm	ent as	follows:					
Governmental Activities:									
General Government					\$ 409,961				
Protection to Persons and Property					219,296				

Governmental Activities:		
General Government	\$	409,961
Protection to Persons and Property		219,296
General Health and Sanitation		6,135
Social Services		22,075
Recreation and Culture		31,642
Roads, Including Depreciation of General Infrastructure Assets		1,059,914
Total Depreciation Expense - Governmental Activities	\$	1,749,023
Business-Type Activities Jail Canteen	\$	26,926
Jun Curtoon	Ψ	20,720
Total Depreciation Expense - Business-type Activities	\$	26,926

#### Note 5. Long-term Debt

#### A. General Obligation Bonds, Series 1998

The county issued general obligation bonds in the amount of \$4,705,000 on December 1, 1998. The proceeds of the bonds were used to expand, renovate, and improve the Christian County Detention Facility. The bonds bear interest between 3.5% and 4.2%. Payments are due on December 1 and June 1 of each year. The maturity date of the bonds is December 1, 2014. General obligation bonds are direct obligations and pledge the full faith and credit of the government. The balance of these general obligation bonds as of June 30, 2009 was \$2,235,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity for general obligation bonds are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	S	Scheduled	Principal
June 30		Interest	Amount
2010	\$	86,534	\$ 335,000
2011		72,362	350,000
2012		57,435	365,000
2013		41,790	380,000
2014		34,125	805,000
Totals	\$	292,246	\$ 2,235,000

#### B. Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007

The Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation (the "Corporation") was established by the County of Christian, Kentucky (the "County") to act as the agency and instrumentality of the County in acquiring, developing and financing public improvements and public projects. The Corporation issued its Christian County Public Courthouse Corporation Lease Revenue Bonds (District Court Facility Project), Series 2000, dated November 1, 2000, (the "Series 2000 Bonds") for the purpose of acquiring, constructing and furnishing a court facility and the completion of the renovation and improvement of the Christian County Corrections Center located in Hopkinsville, Kentucky.

The Corporation adopted at the direction of the Fiscal Court of the County, a resolution (the "Resolution") authorizing the Series 2007 Bonds for the purpose of paying the costs associated with the refunding and refinancing of the Series 2000 Bonds.

The Bonds are secured by a foreclosable first mortgage lien on the Project. The Bonds are also be secured by the assignment by the Corporation of all its right, title and interest to a lease agreement with the County.

The Bonds in the amount of \$16,545,000 dated April 5, 2007, will bear interest from that date as described herein, payable semi-annually on February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing August 1, 2007, at rates ranging from 3.50% to 4.00%. The Bonds will mature on August 1 of each year, in the years and in the principal amounts shown below. The balance on these bonds as of June 30, 2009 was \$15,510,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

#### **Note 5.** Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### B. Revenue Refunding Bonds, Series 2007 (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Principal
June 30	Interest		Amount
2010	\$ 578,406	\$	860,000
2011	547,781		890,000
2012	516,019		925,000
2013	483,119		955,000
2014	449,083		990,000
2015-2019	1,637,781		5,565,000
2020-2023	436,495		5,325,000
Totals	\$ 4,648,684	\$	15,510,000

#### C. Jail Renovation

The Kentucky Local Correctional Facilities Construction Authority, an independent corporate agency and instrumentality of the Commonwealth of Kentucky, issues revenue bonds for the purpose of construction and reconstruction of jail facilities. On June 18, 1992, the fiscal court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$4,081,000 at a 5.863% effective interest rate. The terms of the financing agreement was for 25 years. The maturity date of the financing obligation is February 1, 2017. The principal balance of the obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$1,985,000. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		Principal Amount		
2010	\$	77,132	\$	204,000	
2011		68,616		216,000	
2012		59,726		227,000	
2013		50,279		240,000	
2014		40,331		253,000	
2015-2018		55,663		845,000	
Totals	\$	351,747	\$	1,985,000	

#### D. Sheriff's Office Renovation

On August 15, 2003, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$374,769 at a 2.245% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the renovation of the Sheriff's office. The maturity date of the obligation is September 20, 2023. The principal balance of the obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$280,715. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

# **Note 5.** Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### D. Sheriff's Office Renovation (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Principal
June 30		Interest	Amount
2010	\$	10,326	\$ 19,077
2011		9,592	19,805
2012		8,846	20,569
2013		8,055	21,355
2014		7,238	22,173
2015-2019		22,815	124,274
2020-2021		2,218	53,462
Totals	\$	69,090	\$ 280,715

#### E. Jail Vehicles - 2005

On March 11, 2005, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$40,070 at a 2.175% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the purchase of two vehicles for the jail. The maturity date of the obligation was March 20, 2009. The lease was paid in full during fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

#### F. Sheriff Vehicles - 2005

On April 29, 2005, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$176,236 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the purchase of nine vehicles for the sheriff. The maturity date of the obligation was July 20, 2009. The lease was paid in full during fiscal year ended June 30, 2009.

#### **Note 5.** Long-term Debt (Continued)

#### G. Sheriff Vehicles - 2006

On July 29, 2005, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$40,638 at a 3.47% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the purchase of two vehicles for the County Police Department. However, the Christian County Fiscal Court abolished and disestablished the police department on September 2, 2006. The Sheriff's office began making payment on the vehicles in January 2007. The maturity date of the obligation is July 20, 2009. The principal balance of the financing obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$10,638. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended June 30	Scheduled Interest		Principal Amount	
2010	\$	56	\$	10,638
Totals	\$	56	\$	10,638

#### H. Sheriff's Vehicles - 2007

On March 5, 2007, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$84,870 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was for the purchase of four vehicles for the Sheriff's Department. The maturity date of the obligation is January 20, 2011. The principal balance of the financing obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$44,870. Annual debt service requirements to maturity are as follows:

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Principal	
June 30	Interest			Amount
2010	\$	1,613	\$	20,000
2011		685		24,870
				_
Totals	\$	2,298	\$	44,870

#### I. Energy Conservation Project

On February 26, 2007, the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$2,500,000 at a 4.25% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was to finance repairs and improvements to the following properties owned by the County. The properties include Courthouse, Courthouse Annex, County Jail, Sheriff's office, Road Department, and Animal Shelter. The maturity date of the obligation is January 20, 2027. The principal balance of the financing obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$2,350,000.

# Note 5. Long-term Debt (Continued)

# **I. Energy Conservation Project (Continued)**

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Principal		
June 30		Interest		Amount	
2010	\$	88,826	\$	80,000	
2011		85,705		85,000	
2012		82,586		90,000	
2013		78,911		95,000	
2014		75,224		100,000	
2015-2019		314,002		585,000	
2020-2024		187,778		755,000	
2025-2027		36,936		560,000	
Totals	\$	949,968	\$	2,350,000	

#### J. Four Vehicles

On March 6, 2008 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$96,700 at a 4.50% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was used to purchase four vehicles. The maturity date of the obligation is January 20, 2012. The balance of the financing obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$50,700.

Fiscal Year Ended	Scheduled		Principal		
June 30	]	Interest	Amount		
2010	\$	1,824	\$	20,000	
2011		1,073		20,000	
2012		370		10,700	
Totals	\$	3,267	\$	50,700	

#### K. Sheriff's Vehicles - 2009

On March 23, 2009 the Fiscal Court entered into an agreement with the Kentucky Association of Counties Leasing Trust Program in the sum of \$119,630 at a 4.213% effective interest rate. The financing obligation was used to purchase vehicles for the Christian County Sheriff's Department. The maturity date of the obligation is April 20, 2013. The balance of the financing obligation at June 30, 2009 was \$99,630.

# **Note 5.** Long-term Debt (Continued)

# K. Sheriff's Vehicles – 2009 (Continued)

Fiscal Year Ended	S	cheduled	Principal		
June 30		Interest	Amount		
2010	\$	3,822	\$	25,000	
2011		2,193		25,000	
2012		1,269		25,000	
2013		99		24,630	
Totals	\$	7,383	\$	99,630	

# L. Changes In Long-term Liabilities

Long-term liability activity for the year ended June 30, 2009, was as follows:

	Beginning					Ending	Due Within	
	Balance	A	dditions	Reductions		Balance	One Year	
<b>Primary Government:</b>								
Governmental Activities:								
Consuel Obligation Dands	¢ 2.555.000	¢		¢	220,000	¢ 2.225.000	<b>c</b>	225 000
General Obligation Bonds	\$ 2,555,000	\$		\$	320,000	\$ 2,235,000	\$	335,000
Revenue Bonds	16,345,000				835,000	15,510,000		860,000
Financing Obligations								
Kentucky Association								
of Counties Leasing								
Trust Program	5,113,576		119,630		411,653	4,821,553		378,715
Governmental Activities								
Long-term Liabilities	\$ 24,013,576	\$	119,630	\$	1,566,653	\$ 22,566,553	\$	1,573,715

# Note 6. Interest on Long-term Debt and Financing Obligations

Debt Service on the Statement of Activities includes \$194,758 in interest on financing obligations and \$707,993 in interest on bonds.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### Note 7. Employee Retirement System

The fiscal court has elected to participate in the County Employees Retirement System (CERS), pursuant to KRS 78.530 administered by the Board of Trustees of the Kentucky Retirement Systems. This is a cost-sharing, multiple-employer, defined benefit pension plan, which covers all eligible full-time employees and provides for retirement, disability, and death benefits to plan members. Benefit contributions and provisions are established by statute.

Nonhazardous covered employees are required to contribute 5 percent of their salary to the plan. Nonhazardous covered employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 are required to contribute 6 percent of their salary to the plan. The county's contribution rate for nonhazardous employees was 13.50 percent. The county's contributions for the years ended June 30, 2007, 2008 and 2009 were \$418,604, \$478,190 and \$429,889 respectively, and were equal to the required contributions each year.

Benefits fully vest on reaching five years of service for nonhazardous employees. Aspects of benefits for nonhazardous employees include retirement after 27 years of service or age 65. Nonhazardous employees who begin participation on or after September 1, 2008 must meet the rule of 87 (members age plus years of service credit must equal 87, and the member must be a minimum of 57 years of age) or the member is age 65, with a minimum of 60 months service credit.

Historical trend information showing the CERS' progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Retirement Systems' annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Retirement System, 1260 Louisville Road, Frankfort, Kentucky 40601-6124, or by telephone at (502) 564-4646.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### **Note 8.** Deferred Compensation

On December 19, 2000, the Christian County Fiscal Court voted to allow all eligible employees to participate in deferred compensation plans administered by the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority. The Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority is authorized under KRS 18A.230 to 18A.275 to provide administration of tax sheltered supplemental retirement plans for all state, public school and university employees and employees of local political subdivisions that have elected to participate. These deferred compensation plans permit all full time employees to defer a portion of their salary until future years. The deferred compensation is not available to employees until termination, retirement, death, or unforeseeable emergency. Participation by eligible employees in the deferred compensation plans is voluntary.

Historical trend information showing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's progress in accumulating sufficient assets to pay benefits when due is presented in the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority's annual financial report. This report may be obtained by writing the Kentucky Public Employees' Deferred Compensation Authority at 101 Sea Hero Road, Suite 110, Frankfort, Kentucky, 40601-8862, or by telephone at (502) 573-7925.

#### Note 9. Insurance

For the fiscal year ended June 30, 2009, Christian County was a member of the Kentucky Association of Counties' All Lines Fund (KALF). KALF is a self-insurance fund and was organized to obtain lower cost coverage for general liability, property damage, public officials' errors and omissions, public liability, and other damages. The basic nature of a self-insurance program is that of a collectively shared risk by its members. If losses incurred for covered claims exceed the resources contributed by the members, the members are responsible for payment of the excess losses.

#### Note 10. Health Insurance

Christian County Fiscal Court elected to begin a partially self-funded health insurance plan for fiscal year ended June 30, 1998. This partially self-funded insurance plan covers all county employees, and the county pays for each county employee's individual coverage. Christian County contracted with Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield to administer the employee benefit plan for the 2007-2009 fiscal years.

This partially self-funded insurance plan has two distinct components that the fiscal court must pay. The first component is the fixed cost, which consists of administrative fees associated with operating the plan, and specific and aggregate reinsurance costs that cap the county's claims exposure on an individual and aggregate basis. Incurred fixed costs for fiscal year ending June 30, 2009 were \$456,174. The second component is the claims cost, all of which Christian County is responsible to pay as they incur. Once an individual exceeds \$50,000 in claims or the County's aggregate claims exceed the predetermined maximum, the County will receive a reimbursement credit from the reinsurance carrier. Incurred claims for fiscal year ended June 30, 2009 were \$1,058,941. Christian County Fiscal Court's contract with Anthem Blue Cross and Blue Shield has no terminal liability provision and the Court is responsible to pay all run-out claims after termination. The Health Insurance Fund had a balance of \$903,836 as of June 30, 2009.

#### CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS June 30, 2009 (Continued)

#### Note 11. Restatement of Beginning Net Assets

The beginning balance for Governmental Activities and the Jail Fund were decreased due to classifying the Inmate Fee Account as an agency fund for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2009.

Ending Net Assets - June 30, 2008	\$ 25,046,868
Jail Fund - Remove Inmate Fee Account	(14,521)
Ending Net Assets - June 30, 2009 (Restated)	\$ 25,032,347
Fund Balance Adjustment:	
Ending Jail Fund Balance - June 30, 2008	\$ 643,652
Remove Inmate Fee Account	(14,521)
Ending Jail Fund Balance - June 30, 2008 (restated)	\$ 629,131

The beginning balance for the Proprietary Fund was restated by \$7,129 for prior year checks that were voided in the current year.

Ending Net Assets - June 30, 2008	\$ 242,532
Jail Canteen Voided Checks	 7,129
Ending Net Assets - June 30, 2008 (Restated)	\$ 249,661

#### Note 12. Subsequent Event

On September 15, 2009 the Christian County Fiscal Court negotiated with Jennie Stuart Medical Center to reduce the amount owed on behalf of the Christian County Detention Center from \$303,278 to \$77,706. The amount originally owed was included in encumbrances as of June 30, 2009, accounting for the substantial amount of encumbrances in the Jail Fund.



## CHRISTIAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULES - MAJOR FUNDS Required Supplementary Information - Modified Cash Basis

#### For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

	GENERAL FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final			Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES								
Taxes	\$	4,594,000	\$	4,594,000	\$	4,761,570	\$	167,570
In Lieu Tax Payments		192,414		192,414		288,116		95,702
Excess Fees		444,000		444,000		447,539		3,539
Licenses and Permits		122,649		122,649		127,366		4,717
Intergovernmental		4,036,100		4,036,100		2,195,306		(1,840,794)
Charges for Services		249,660		249,660		258,821		9,161
Miscellaneous		170,408		170,408		251,806		81,398
Interest		180,000		180,000		261,659		81,659
Total Revenues		9,989,231		9,989,231		8,592,183		(1,397,048)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		2,618,951		2,618,951		2,125,612		493,339
Protection to Persons and Property		472,029		472,419		469,306		3,113
General Health and Sanitation		337,917		337,917		311,265		26,652
Social Services		74,700		77,756		59,490		18,266
Recreation and Culture		162,599		164,369		146,842		17,527
Airports		27,500		31,601		31,601		
Debt Service		226,497		226,497		196,154		30,343
Capital Projects		3,008,000		3,008,000		915,503		2,092,497
Administration		2,636,900		2,627,583		2,043,402		584,181
Total Expenditures		9,565,093		9,565,093		6,299,175		3,265,918
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		424,138		424,138		2,293,008		1,868,870
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Financing Obligation Proceeds (Note A)						119,630		119,630
Transfers To Other Funds		(2,294,827)		(2,294,827)		(1,117,415)		1,177,412
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,294,827)		(2,294,827)		(997,785)		1,297,042
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(1,870,689)		(1,870,689)		1,295,223		3,165,912
Fund Balances - Beginning		1,870,689		1,870,689		6,318,747		4,448,058
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	7,613,970	\$	7,613,970

Note A: These proceeds were for the Sheriff's vehicle lease.

	ROAD FUND							
	Budgeted Amounts Original Final				Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)		
REVENUES		<u> </u>						
Intergovernmental	\$	1,711,531	\$	1,711,531	\$	1,790,110	\$	78,579
Miscellaneous		12,100		12,100		10,865		(1,235)
Interest		3,500		3,500		3,976		476
Total Revenues		1,727,131		1,727,131		1,804,951		77,820
EXPENDITURES								
Roads		3,270,947		3,277,255		1,752,323		1,524,932
Capital Projects		432,000		432,000		183,600		248,400
Administration		325,011		318,703		248,692		70,011
Total Expenditures		4,027,958		4,027,958		2,184,615		1,843,343
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other Financing Sources (Uses)		(2,300,827)		(2,300,827)		(379,664)		1,921,163
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers From Other Funds		2 204 927		2 204 927		275 000		(1.010.937)
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)		2,294,827 2,294,827		2,294,827 2,294,827		375,000 375,000		(1,919,827)
Total Other Phianeing Sources (Oses)		2,234,621		2,294,021		373,000		(1,919,027)
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(6,000)		(6,000)		(4,664)		1,336
Fund Balances - Beginning		6,000		6,000		11,952		5,952
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	7,288	\$	7,288

	JAIL FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Am	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fi	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES						,		, ,
Intergovernmental	\$	5,393,560	\$	5,393,560	\$	4,536,958	\$	(856,602)
Charges for Services		1,161,000		1,161,000		331,210		(829,790)
Miscellaneous		229,600		229,600		254,274		24,674
Interest		8,000		8,000		1,592		(6,408)
Total Revenues		6,792,160		6,792,160		5,124,034		(1,668,126)
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property		4,705,643		4,851,687		4,535,147		316,540
Debt Service		796,857		796,857		707,274		89,583
Administration		1,300,322		1,154,278		989,688		164,590
Total Expenditures		6,802,822		6,802,822		6,232,109		570,713
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,662)		(10,662)		(1,108,075)		(1,097,413)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)								
Transfers To Other Funds						(63,286)		(63,286)
Transfers From Other Funds						742,415		742,415
Total Other Financing Sources (Uses)						679,129		679,129
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(10,662)		(10,662)		(428,946)		(418,284)
Fund Balances - Beginning		10,662		10,662		629,131		618,469
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	200,185	\$	200,185

	LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE							NCE
		Budgeted	Amo		A (B	Actual mounts, udgetary	Fin 1	iance with al Budget Positive
		Original		Final		Basis)	(N	legative)
REVENUES								
Intergovernmental	\$	410,000	\$	410,000	\$	282,675	\$	(127,325)
Interest						285		285
Total Revenues		410,000		410,000		282,960		(127,040)
EXPENDITURES								
General Government		140,000		140,000		22,067		117,933
Roads		280,000		280,000		268,508		11,492
Total Expenditures		420,000		420,000		290,575		129,425
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(10,000)		(10,000)		(7,615)		2,385
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(10,000)		(10,000)		(7,615)		2,385
Fund Balances - Beginning		10,000		10,000		10,767		767
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	3,152	\$	3.152

	REVOLVING LOAN FUND						
	Budgeted Original	l Amounts Final	Actual Amounts, (Budgetary Basis)	Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative)			
REVENUES							
Miscellaneous	\$ 100	\$ 100	\$	\$ (100)			
Interest	6,500	6,500	5,221	(1,279)			
Total Revenues	6,600	6,600	5,221	(1,379)			
EXPENDITURES							
General Government	405,100	405,100	25,000	380,100			
Total Expenditures	405,100	405,100	25,000	380,100			
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over Expenditures Before Other							
Financing Sources (Uses)	(398,500)	(398,500)	(19,779)	378,721			
Net Changes in Fund Balances	(398,500)	(398,500)	(19,779)	378,721			
Fund Balances - Beginning	398,500	398,500	409,811	11,311			
Fund Balances - Ending	\$	\$	\$ 390,032	\$ 390,032			

	E-911 FUND							
		Budgeted Original	Amo	ounts Final		Actual Amounts, Budgetary Basis)	Fii	riance with nal Budget Positive Negative)
REVENUES				_	-	<u> </u>		,
Taxes	\$	205,000	\$	205,000	\$	208,641	\$	3,641
Intergovernmental		190,000		190,000		206,936		16,936
Miscellaneous		100		100		3,157		3,057
Interest		5,750		5,750		6,139		389
Total Revenues		400,850		400,850		424,873		24,023
EXPENDITURES								
Protection to Persons and Property	\$	863,332	\$	863,332	\$	360,013	\$	503,319
Administration		10,000		10,000				10,000
Total Expenditures		873,332		873,332		360,013		513,319
Excess (Deficiency) of Revenues Over								
Expenditures Before Other								
Financing Sources (Uses)		(472,482)		(472,482)		64,860		537,342
Net Changes in Fund Balances		(472,482)		(472,482)		64,860		537,342
Fund Balances - Beginning		472,482		472,482		1,176,334		703,852
Fund Balances - Ending	\$		\$		\$	1,241,194	\$	1,241,194

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

#### June 30, 2009

#### **Budgetary Information**

Annual budgets are adopted on a cash basis of accounting and according to the laws of Kentucky as required by the State Local Finance Officer.

The Department for Local Government does not require the county to budget the Industrial Authority Revolving Loan Fund.

The County Judge/Executive is required to submit estimated receipts and proposed expenditures to the fiscal court by May 1 of each year. The budget is prepared by fund, function, and activity and is required to be adopted by the fiscal court by July 1.

The fiscal court may change the original budget by transferring appropriations at the activity level; however, the fiscal court may not increase the total budget without approval by the State Local Finance Officer. Expenditures may not exceed budgeted appropriations at the activity level.



## CHRISTIAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Federal Grantor			
Program Title	Federal	Pass-Through	
Grant Name (CFDA #)	CFDA #	Grantor's Number	Expenditures
U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development  Passed-Through State Department for Local Government Community Development Block Grants - State's Program- Legions Circle Trilogy Recovery Center	14.228 14.228*	04-050 05-007 05-007A 07-107	\$ 13,203 197,451 278,593 96,294
Total U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development			585,541
Federal Emergency Management Agency			
Passed-Through Kentucky Department For Emergency Management Public Assistance Grant	97.036	1818 DR KY Public	269,268
U.S. Department of Transportation			
Passed-Through Kentucky Transportation Cabinet Federal Highways Fund	20.500	PO2-628-0700013910	32,000
<u>U.S. Department of Justice</u>			
Passed-Through State Department of Justice: Juvenile Justice and Delinquency Prevention	16.540	2005-JF-FX-0050 2006-JF-FX-0001	7,114 6,669
Total U.S. Department of Justice			13,783
U.S. Department Of Homeland Security			
Passed-Through Kentucky Department Of Military Affairs: Emergency Management Performance Grants	97.042		27,140
Total Expenditures of Federal Awards			\$ 927,732

<sup>\*:</sup> Tested as Major Program

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY NOTES TO THE SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS Other Supplementary Information Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

Note 1 – The accompanying Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards includes the federal grant activity of Christian County, Kentucky and is presented on a modified cash basis of accounting. The information in this schedule is presented in accordance with the requirement of OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>.

REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS



The Honorable Steve Tribble, Christian County Judge/Executive Members of the Christian County Fiscal Court

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards

We have audited the governmental activities, the business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Christian County, Kentucky, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2009, which collectively comprise the County's basic financial statements and have issued our report thereon dated December 20, 2010. Christian County's financial statements are prepared in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting, which is a comprehensive basis of accounting other than generally accepted accounting principles. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States.

#### **Internal Control Over Financial Reporting**

In planning and performing our audit, we considered Christian County's internal control over financial reporting as a basis for designing our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County's internal control over financial reporting. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County's internal control over financial reporting.

A control deficiency exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect misstatements on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects Christian County's ability to initiate, authorize, record, process, or report financial data reliably in accordance with the modified cash basis of accounting such that there is more than a remote likelihood that a misstatement of Christian County's financial statements that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by Christian County's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that a material misstatement of the financial statements will not be prevented or detected by Christian County's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over financial reporting was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

Report On Internal Control Over Financial Reporting And On Compliance And Other Matters Based On An Audit Of Financial Statements Performed In Accordance With Government Auditing Standards (Continued)

#### **Compliance And Other Matters**

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Christian County's financial statements are free of material misstatements we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit and, accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed one instance of noncompliance or other matters that is required to be reported under <u>Government Auditing Standards</u> and which is described in the schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2009-1.

Christian County's response to the finding identified in our audit is included in the schedule of findings and questioned costs. We did not audit their response and, accordingly, we express no opinion on it.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, the Christian County Fiscal Court, the Department for Local Government, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP

Mountay Childen Welley, LLP

December 20, 2010

## REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH REQUIREMENTS APPLICABLE TO EACH MAJOR PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE IN ACCORDANCE WITH OMB CIRCULAR A-133



The Honorable Steve Tribble, Christian County Judge/Executive Members of the Christian County Fiscal Court

Report On Compliance With Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133

#### Compliance

We have audited the compliance of Christian County, Kentucky, with the types of compliance requirements described in the <u>U.S. Office of Management and Budget (OMB) Circular A-133 Compliance Supplement</u> that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009. Christian County's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to each of its major federal programs is the responsibility of Christian County's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on Christian County's compliance based on our audit.

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in <u>Government Auditing Standards</u>, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and OMB Circular A-133, <u>Audits of States</u>, <u>Local Governments</u>, and <u>Non-Profit Organizations</u>. Those standards and OMB Circular A-133 require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether noncompliance with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program occurred. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence about Christian County's compliance with those requirements and performing such other procedures, as we considered necessary in the circumstances. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Christian County's compliance with those requirements.

In our opinion, Christian County complied, in all material respects, with the requirements referred to above that are applicable to each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2009.

#### Internal Control Over Compliance

The management of Christian County is responsible for establishing and maintaining effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, regulations, contracts, and grants applicable to federal programs. In planning and performing our audit, we considered Christian County's internal control over compliance with the requirements that could have a direct and material effect on a major federal program in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on compliance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Christian County's internal control over compliance.

Report On Compliance with Requirements Applicable To Each Major Program And On Internal Control Over Compliance In Accordance With OMB Circular A-133 (Continued)

#### <u>Internal Control Over Compliance</u> (Continued)

A control deficiency in an entity's internal control over compliance exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent or detect noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a control deficiency, or combination of control deficiencies, that adversely affects the entity's ability to administer a federal program such that there is more than a remote likelihood that non-compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is more than inconsequential will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

A material weakness is a significant deficiency, or combination of significant deficiencies, that results in more than a remote likelihood that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program, will not be prevented or detected by the entity's internal control.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and would not necessarily identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be significant deficiencies or material weaknesses. We did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of management, federal awarding agencies, and pass-through entities and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Respectfully submitted,

Mountjoy Chilton Medley, LLP

Mountay Childre Walley, LLP

December 20, 2010

## CHRISTIAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

For The Year Ended June 30, 2009

### CHRISTIAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS

#### Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### A. SUMMARY OF AUDIT RESULTS

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unqualified opinion on the governmental activities, business-type activities, and each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Christian County, Kentucky.
- 2. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the financial statements were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 3. One instance of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Christian County was disclosed during the audit.
- 4. No significant deficiencies relating to the audit of the major federal awards programs were reported in the Independent Auditor's Report.
- 5. The auditor's report on compliance for the audit of the major federal awards programs for Christian County expresses an unqualified opinion.
- 6. There are no audit findings relative to the major federal awards programs for Christian County reported in Part C of this schedule.
- 7. The program tested as a major program was: Community Development Block Grant (CFDA# 14.228)
- 8. The threshold for distinguishing Type A and B programs was \$300,000.
- 9. Christian County was determined to be a low-risk auditee.

#### B. FINDINGS - FINANCIAL STATEMENT AUDIT

#### STATE LAWS AND REGULATIONS

#### 2009-1 The Fiscal Court Is Required To Pay For Purchases Within Thirty Working Days

Due to the process of re-pricing medical bills, most medical bills are paid after thirty (30) working days of receipt. KRS 65.140 states, "...all bills for goods or services shall be paid within thirty (30) working days of receipt of a vendor's invoice except when payment is delayed because the purchaser has made a written disapproval of improper performances or improper invoicing by the vendor or by the vendor's subcontractor." We recommend the fiscal court comply with KRS 65.140 by paying all invoices for goods or services in full within thirty (30) working days of receipt of a vendor's invoice.

Response of Christian County Government: Christian County government makes every effort to comply with the thirty day requirement with regard to payment of vendors invoices. However, substantial cost savings are realized as a result of re-pricing medical bills at reduced rates.

CHRISTIAN COUNTY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009 (Continued)

C. FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS - MAJOR FEDERAL AWARDS PROGRAM AUDIT

None.

D. SUMMARY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR AUDIT FINDINGS

None.

## CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE – LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

#### CHRISTIAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

#### CERTIFICATION OF COMPLIANCE

#### LOCAL GOVERNMENT ECONOMIC ASSISTANCE PROGRAM

#### CHRISTIAN COUNTY FISCAL COURT

For The Fiscal Year Ended June 30, 2009

The Christian County Fiscal Court hereby certifies that assistance received from the Local Government Economic Assistance Program was expended for the purpose intended as dictated by the applicable Kentucky Revised Statutes.

County Judge/Executive

Walter H. Cummun p

County Treasurer